

# **Digital Modes and Sound Card Interfaces for Amateur Radio**

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**For the Regular Meeting of the Oak Forest Amateur Radio Club, KE5TRB  
Houston, Texas**

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# Setup for Digital Modes

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Load the following Apps:

- MultiPSK
- Laptop Computer Sound Card
- Sound Files

# Soundcard Digital Modes

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- Overview
  - With modest computer and free software you can get on the air with CW, RTTY, PSK, Fax, SSTV and other modes through the mic input in SSB.
  - Easy to learn CW computer decoding
  - Interfaces easy to make or purchase for under \$100\$
  - Less crowded on the HF bands
  - Lower power requirements ~ for DX 50 to 100 miles per watt
  - Just plain fun

# Soundcard Digital Modes

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- Caution
  - Digital modes for PSK, RTTY and others run at **Continuous Duty Cycle**
  - **Power is cut back to 50%**
  - Long QSO can cause overheating

# Theory

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- **Shift in tone, frequency** and bit sequence used for RTTY, ASCII, Olivia and other modes
- **Shift in phase** of signal use in Binary Phase Shift Keying
- **Raster** (line by line) transmission used in Fax and FeldHell.

# Sound Card Digital Modes

## Interfaces



You can purchase an interface to connect your transceiver to your computer, OR you can make your own for a few dollars.

# Sound Card Digital Modes

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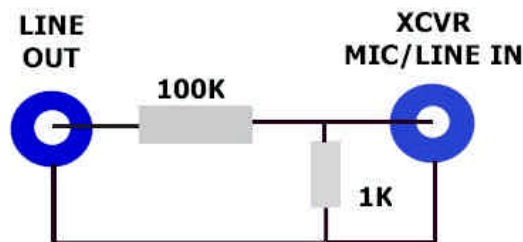
- AF or speaker out from the radio connected to the computer through the audio in (microphone, sound in, aux)
- Speaker out connects to the microphone or phone patch
- With a commercial interface, cables run through the auxiliary port.

# Sound Card Digital Modes

## Connecting the radio to the computer



Receive Audio connection. Connect an audio cable between the transceiver audio output and the soundcard LINE IN jack.



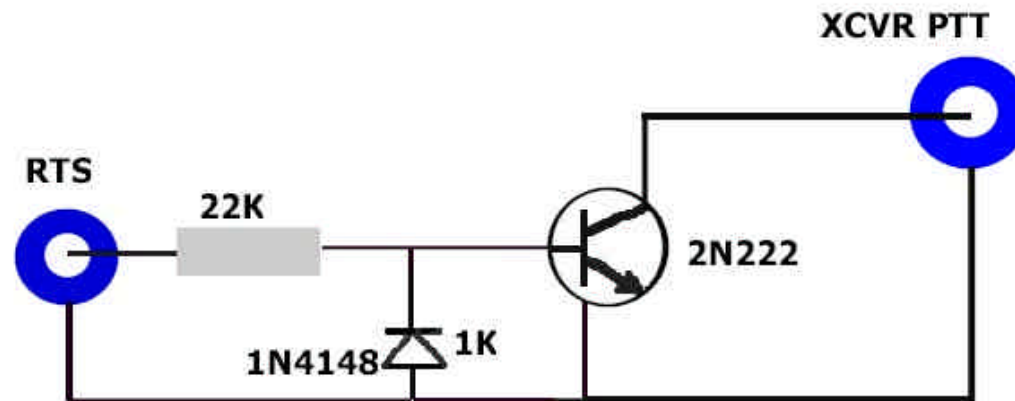
Transmit Audio Connection: Connect a shielded audio cable between the transceiver MIC input and the soundcard LINE OUT jack through a 40 db attenuator. If your transceiver has a LINE input, no attenuation is required. (eliminate the 2 resistors)



# Sound Card Digital Modes

## Connecting the Radio to the Computer

T/R Connection:



**PTT is controlled via the RTS and/or DTR outputs of the computer's RS-232 serial port. This is eliminated with the USB interfaces typically found in most new computers.**

# Sound Card Digital Modes

- For this demo we are using a Signalink USB.
- About \$90 with the cables and jumpers
- Essentially an external sound interface
- Plug and play



# Software

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- Free software is available on the web
- Some have more modes than others.
- All typically interface with either USB or serial
- Many have logging features, rig control, DX cluster interfaces, recorders, etc.
- The free software is very good, reliable and stable.
- Getting started is easy
- Next: What are the modes and how do you copy them?

# Free Software Links

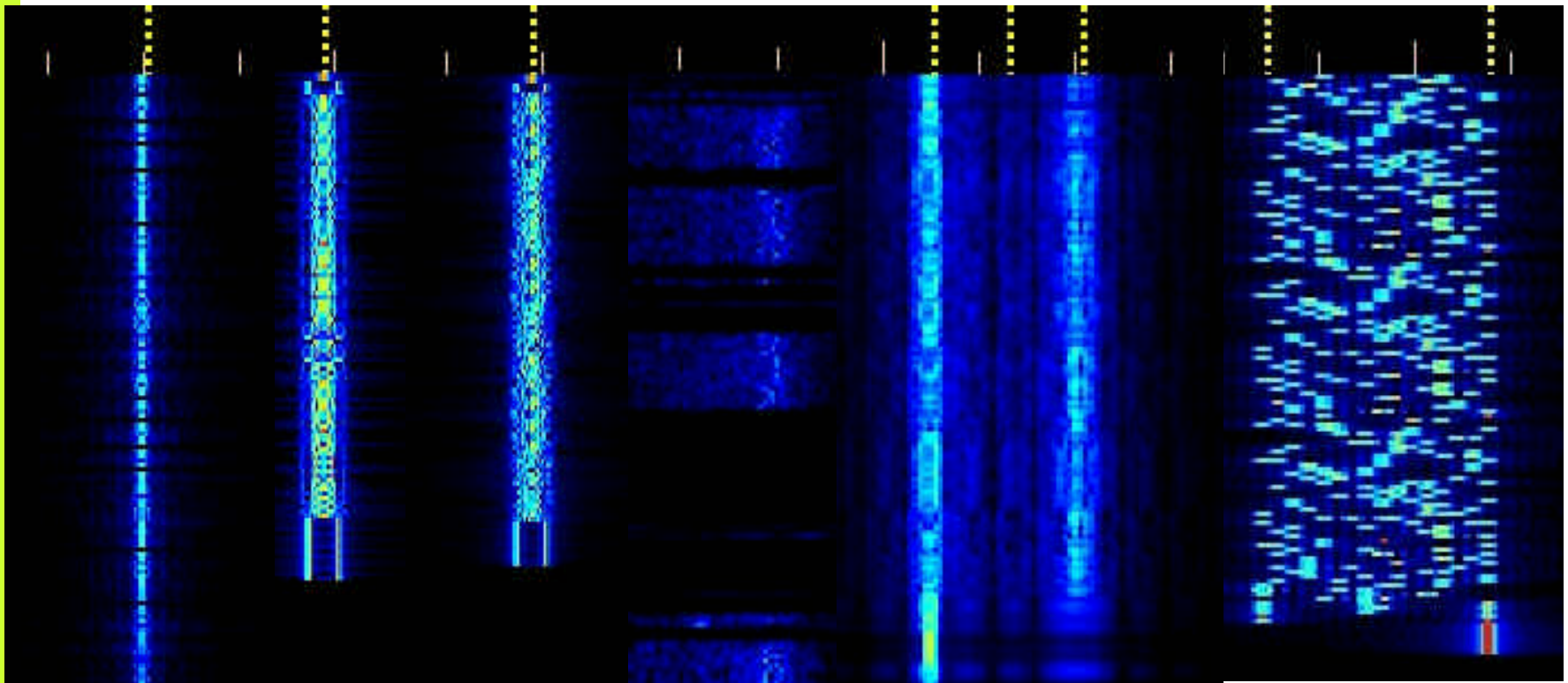
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- Ham Radio Deluxe - includes rig control program - multimode
  - <http://www.ham-radio-deluxe.com/>
- Hamscope - multimode
  - <http://www.qsl.net/hamscope/>
- Digipan - PSK 31
  - <http://www.digipan.net/>
- Winwarbler with dxlabsuite - multimode with other nice features
  - <http://www.dxlabsuite.com/>
- Multipsk - multimode
  - [http://f6cte.free.fr/index\\_anglais.htm](http://f6cte.free.fr/index_anglais.htm)



# Trace and Digital Sound

This is the waterfall trace of each mode. (Demo)



**CW**

**PSK-31**

**QPSK**

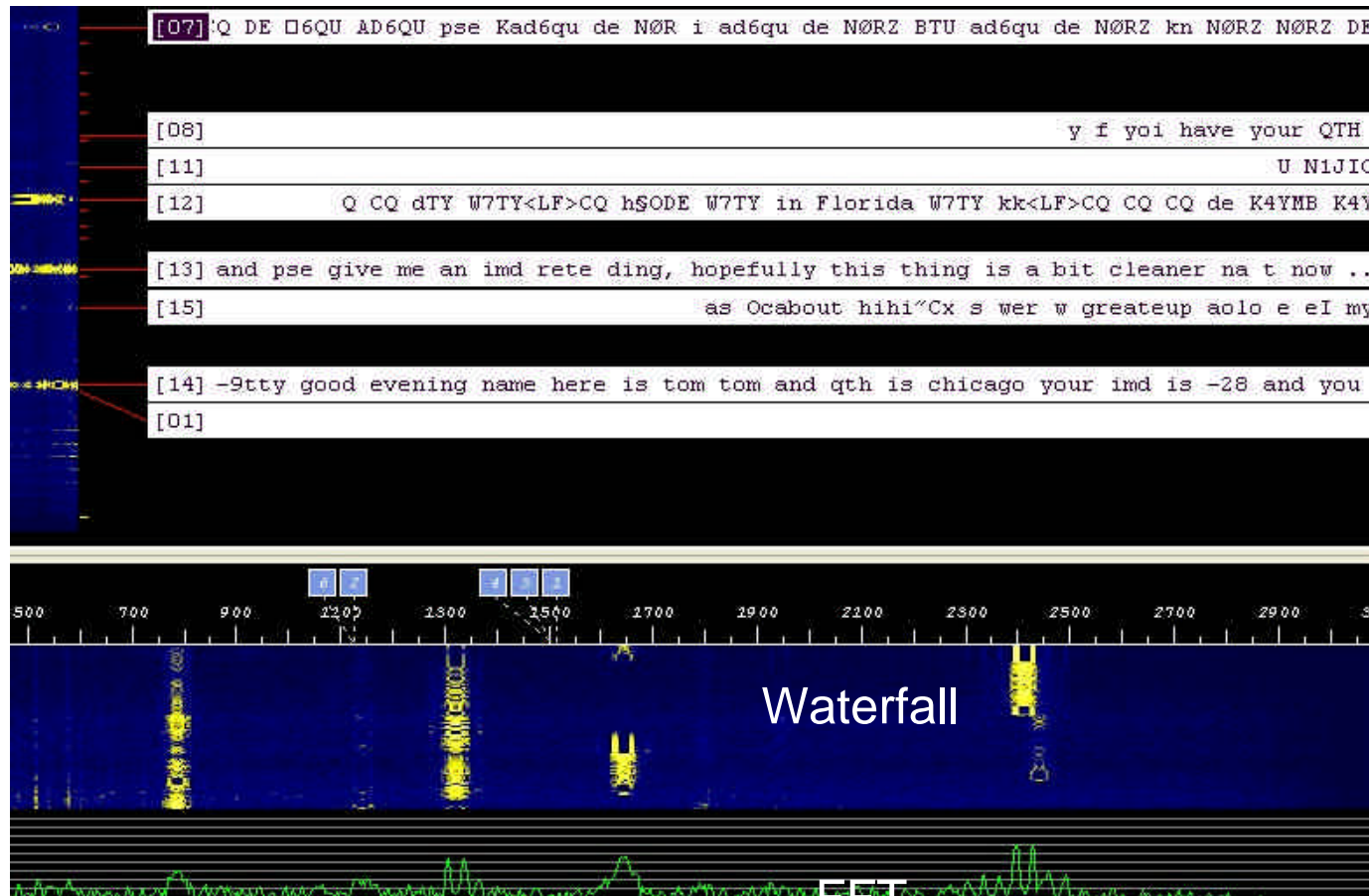
**PACKET**

**RTTY**

**MSK-16**

# Sound Card Digital Modes

## Panoramic Views



**Monitors up to 40 PSK QSO's at once**

# APRS

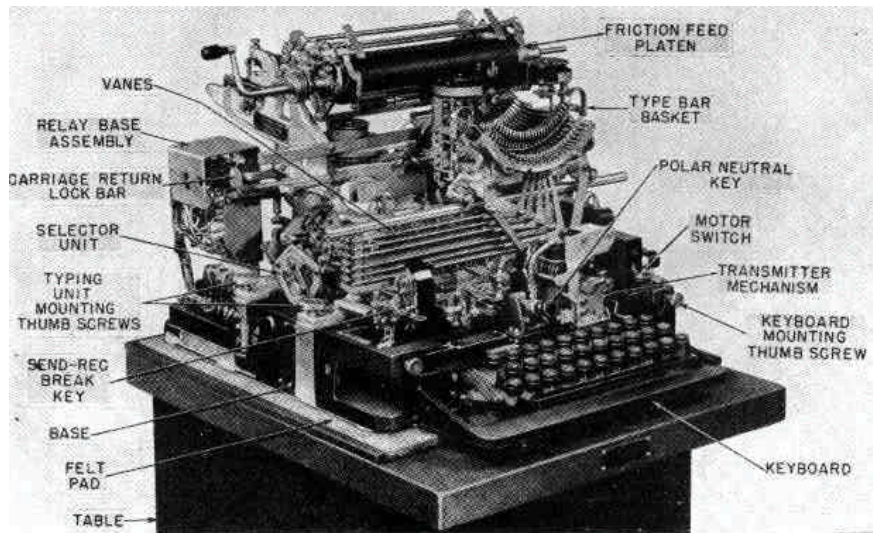
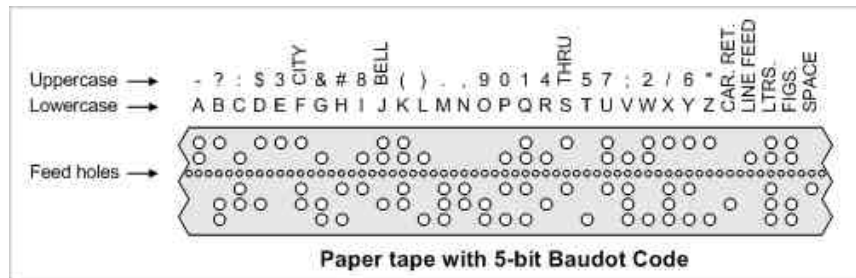
## Automatic Packet Reporting (APRS)



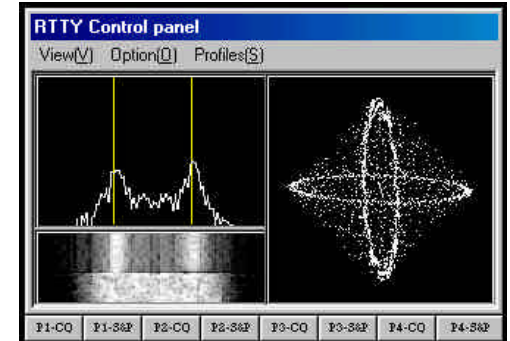
Embedded link. (APRS is usually on 144.39 mHz)



# RTTY Then & Now

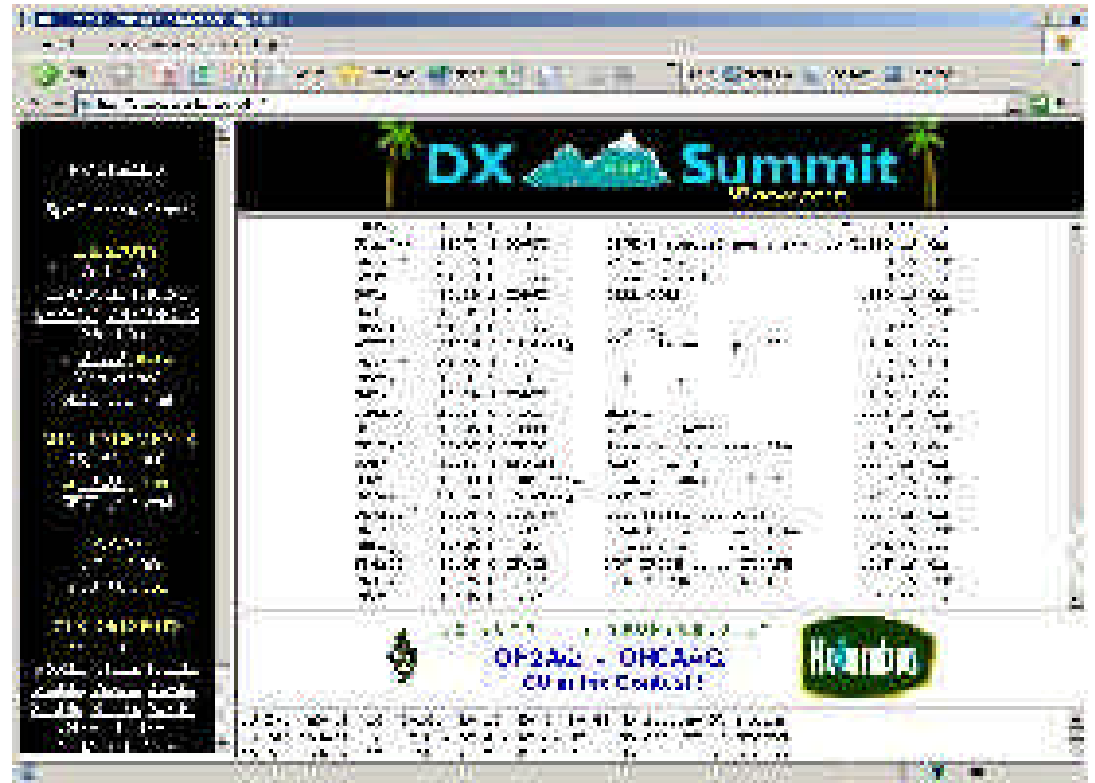
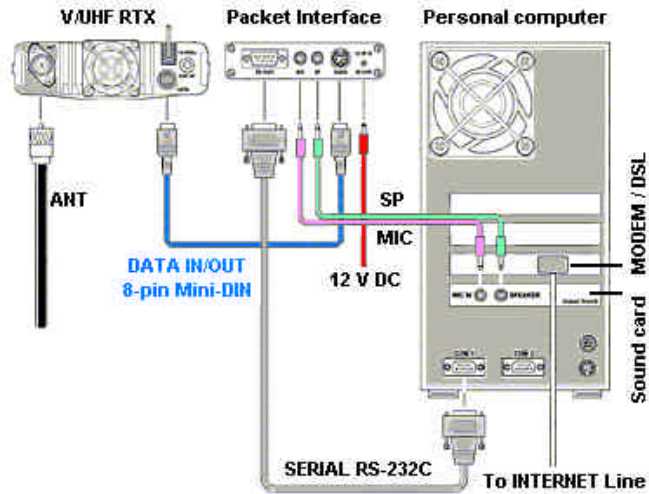


BITS	LTRS	FIGS	HEX
00011	A	-	03
11001	B	?	19
01110	C	:	0E
01001	D	\$	09
00001	E	3	01
01101	F	!	0D
11010	G	&	1A
10100	H	STOP	14
00110	I	8	06
01011	J	'	0B
01111	K	(	0F
10010	L	)	12
11100	M	.	1C
01100	N	,	0C
11000	O	9	18
10110	P	0	16
10111	Q	1	17
01010	R	4	0A
00101	S	BELL	05
10000	T	5	10
00111	U	7	07
11110	V	;	1E
10011	W	2	13
11101	X	/	1D
10101	Y	6	15
10001	Z	"	11
00000	n/a	n/a	00
01000	CR	CR	08
00010	LF	LF	02
00100	SP	SP	04
11111	LTRS	LTRS	1F
11011	FIGS	FIGS	1B



RTTY Art 17

# Packet



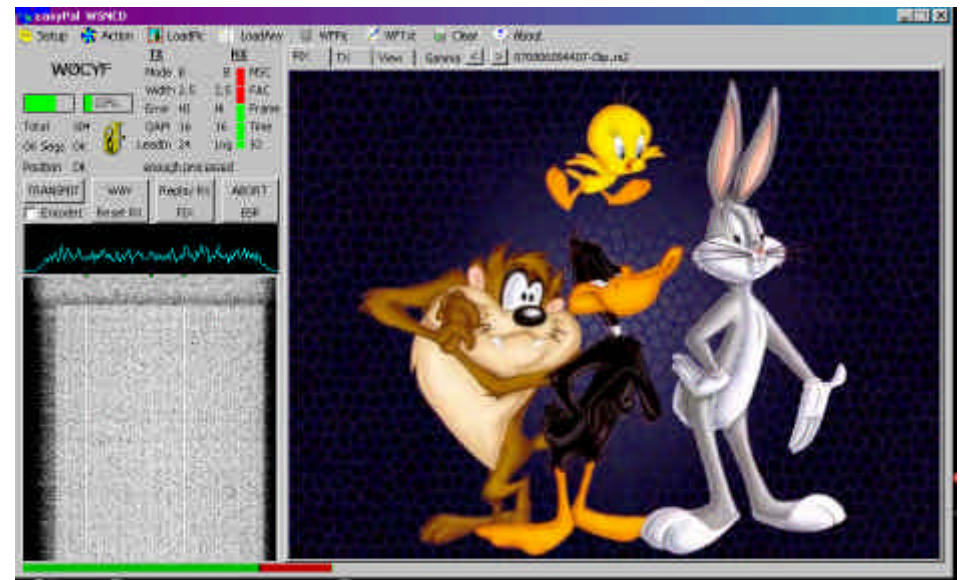
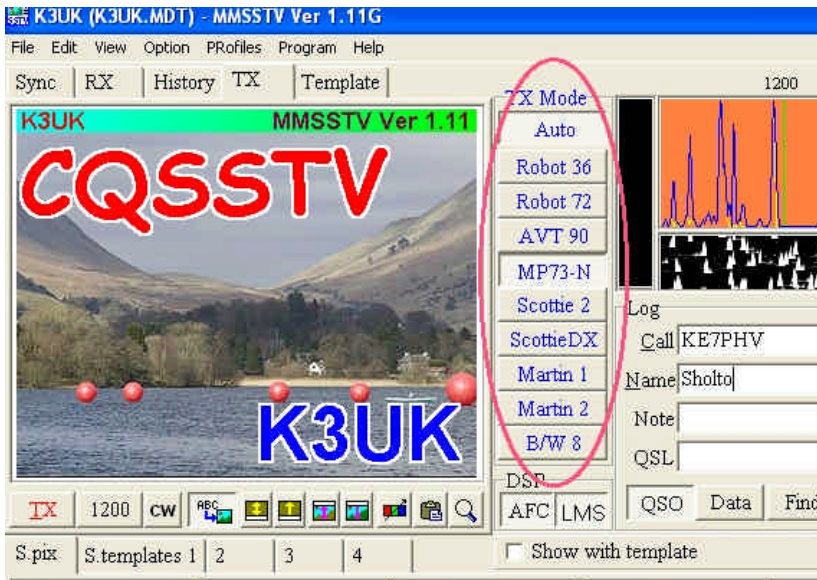


# Hellschreiber

An early digital mode that is reviving with digital sound cards

ON WITH A ZERO CALL AND THE OTHER IN BC CANADA AND I WAS COP  
PYING BOTH OF THEM FB = WELL JERRY I DONT KNOW IF THE BAND I  
OPYING BOTH OF THEM FB = WELL JERRY I DONT KNOW IF THE BAND I  
D WILL HOLD UP MUCH LONGER FOR US SO WILL SEE HOW YOU ARE CO  
D WILL HOLD UP MUCH LONGER FOR US SO WILL SEE HOW YOU ARE CO  
COPYING = BTU JERRY W6LQR DE N0IU KN  
COPYING = BTU JERRY W6LQR DE N0IU KN  
N0IU de W6LQR SOLID COPY ABOUT YOU U ARE STILL HO  
N0IU de W6LQR SOLID COPY ABOUT YOU U ARE STILL HO  
HOLDING UP VERY WELL. I CHANGED THE FONT AND PERHAPS  
HOLDING UP VERY WELL. I CHANGED THE FONT AND PERHAPS  
IPS THAT WILL MAKE IT A LITTLE MORE READABLE I  
IPS THAT WILL MAKE IT A LITTLE MORE READABLE I

# Slow Scan TV



Essentially a color fax image sent with audio at 1200-2300 Hz

# Sound Card Digital Modes

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- Where to hear signals:
- PSK, RTTY, Olivia, Feldhell, etc.,
- xx.07-xx.100 (CW Portion of Band)
- SSTV 14.230 in Phone portion of band.
- See ARRL Band Plans
- APRS 144.39
- Packet: HF - xx.100 CW Portion of Band)

# Acknowledgement

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- Some photos and text from KK7LK
- Other photos and information scavenged from the web.